

AGENDA
Special Meeting
January 24, 2025 at 9:00 am
McCall Public Library –
The Community Room
218 East Park Street
McCall, ID
AND MS TEAMS Virtual

ANNOUNCEMENT:

American with Disabilities Act Notice: The City Council Meeting room is accessible to persons with disabilities. If you need assistance, please contact City Hall at 634-7142 at least 48 hours prior to the meeting. Council Meetings are available for in person and virtual attendance. Any member of the public can join and listen only to the meeting at 9:00 AM by calling in as follows: Dial 208-634-8900 when asked for the Conference ID enter: 67 332 665#

Or you may watch live by clicking this link:

https://youtube.com/live/Kse3GXRM-zE?feature=share

OPEN SESSION ROLL CALL

WORK SESSION

AB 25-027 2025 Local Option Tax Renewal Ordinance Review and Direction to Staff (ACTION ITEM)

ADJOURN

McCALL CITY COUNCIL AGENDA BILL

216 East Park Street McCall, Idaho 83638

Number AB 25-027 Meeting Date January 24, 2025

AGENDA ITEM INFORMATION			
SUBJECT:	Department Approvals	Initials	Originator or Supporter
2025 Local Option Tax Renewal	Mayor / Council		
Ordinance Review and Direction to Staff	City Manager	FA	
	Clerk	AU	Originator
WORK SESSION	Treasurer		
WORK SESSION	Community Development		
	Police Department		
	Public Works		
	Golf Course		
COST IMPACT:	Parks and Recreation		
FUNDING	Airport		
SOURCE:	Library		
TIMELINE:	Information Systems		
	Grant Coordinator		

SUMMARY STATEMENT:

The Streets Local Option Tax (LOT) is set to expire on December 31, 2025. In August 2024, the City Council confirmed its decision to place a renewal measure on the May 2025 ballot. The Council also directed staff to engage the community and return with perception results while requesting a more comprehensive technical review of how staff prioritizes and manages street assets and how that information will guide the necessary funding needs moving forward.

In this meeting, the Council will review the draft Ordinance (attached) prepared by the City's legal team with input by staff. According to the 2025 Election Calendar (attached) the Ordinance and Ballot Language must be submitted to the County by no later than March 31st. The final Ordinance will need to be adopted by no later than the March 27th Regular City Council Meeting.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Direction to Staff

RECORD OF COUNCIL ACTION	
MEETING DATE	ACTION

Local Option Tax Proposed Ordinance

ORDINANCE NO. ____

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MCCALL, VALLEY COUNTY, IDAHO, FINDING THAT SAID CITY QUALIFIES AS A RESORT CITY ABLE TO ADOPT LOCAL-OPTION NONPROPERTY TAXES UPON AUTHORIZATION BY ELECTION; PROVIDING FOR DEFINITIONS: PROVIDING FOR THE IMPOSITION AND RATE OF CERTAIN NON-PROPERTY SALES TAXES: A ONE PERCENT (1%) SALES TAX ON SALES AT RETAIL WITH CERTAIN EXCLUSIONS AND AN ADDITIONAL FOUR PERCENT (4%) OCCUPANCY SALES TAX ON HOTEL MOTEL AND SHORT TERM RENTALS; PROVIDING FOR A TEN (10) YEAR DURATION OF SAID NON-PROPERTY TAXES: ESTABLISHING THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE REVENUES DERIVED FROM SAID NON-PROPERTY TAXES SHALL BE USED; ESTABLISHING GENERAL AND ENTERPRISE FUND CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE BUDGETS; AUTHORIZING THE CITY CLERK TO ADMINISTER, REGULATE, AND COLLECT SAID NON-PROPERTY TAXES; CREATING A PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FUND; PROVIDING FOR PERMITS AND ISSUANCE; PROVIDING METHOD FOR PAYMENT OF TAXES, AUDITS, DEFICIENCY DETERMINATIONS; RE-DETERMINATIONS OF DEFICIENCY, APPEALS, INTEREST ON DEFICIENCY, COLLECTIONS AND ENFORCEMENT; REFUNDS, LIMITATIONS AND INTEREST; PROVIDING FOR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PAYMENT OF TAXES; PROVIDING PERIOD OF LIMITATION ON ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION; **ESTABLISHING** SUCCESSORS' LIABILITY; **PROVIDING** FOR **GENERAL** ADMINISTRATION BY CITY CLERK; PROVIDING PENALTIES AND PENALTY CHARGES; PROVIDING EXEMPTIONS; PROVIDING FOR CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING A REPEALER CLAUSE; AND, PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ORDINANCE.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF McCALL, IDAHO:

SECTION 1

FINDINGS:

The City Council of the City of McCall hereby finds that said City has a population not in excess of 10,000 according to the most recent census and is a City that derives the major portion of its economic well being from businesses catering to recreational needs and meeting needs of people traveling to said destination City for an extended period of time; that said City has a significant economic dependence upon visitors and travelers passing through or staying in the community and said City; and, that said visitors and travelers require services of said City which place an undue burden upon the taxpayers of said City.

SECTION 2	SECTIO	N	- 2
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DEFINITIONS:		

For the purposes of this Ordinance, the following terms, phrases, words, and derivations shall have the meaning given herein. Except as specifically noted herein, the terms used in this chapter shall have the same definitions as such terms have been defined in the Idaho sales tax act, found at Idaho Code title 63, chapter 36, as that legislation may from time to time be amended; and the Idaho sales and use tax regulations as adopted by the department of revenue and taxation, state tax commission, as those regulations may from time to time be amended; and the retail sale of liquor by the drink act as that legislation and regulation may from time to time be amended. Whenever in the definitions contained in the Idaho sales tax act or the Idaho sales and use tax regulations, reference is made to the "state of Idaho", "tax collector", "Idaho sales tax act" or "act" or "tax commission", such reference shall be deemed to be to the City of McCall city clerk, this chapter, City of McCall, respectively, unless the context of the reference clearly demonstrates that such interpretation is unreasonable.

IN THE CITY OF MCCALL: means within the municipal boundaries of the City of McCall, Valley County, Idaho.

GROCERIES: Means any items of food and/or beverages sold in a grocery store, and does not include:

- 1. Alcoholic beverages;
- 2. Tobacco;
- 3. Any food product which is prepared and sold for consumption at any eating place
- 4. Any sandwiches and foods prepared and sold by retailer for immediate human consumption; or
- 5. Any food product sold through a vending machine.

PERSON: Means and includes any individual, firm, co-partnership, joint venture, association, social club, fraternal organization, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, trustee, syndicate, cooperative, assignee, or any other group or combination acting as a unit.

PURCHASE: Means any transfer, rental, exchange, or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property for a consideration. A transaction whereby the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for the payment of the price is a purchase. A transfer for a consideration of any publication or of tangible personal property which has been produced, fabricated, or printed to the special order of the customer is also a purchase.

RETAIL SALE - SALE AT RETAIL: Means a sale for any purpose other than resale in the regular course of business or lease or rental of property in the regular course of business where such rental or lease is taxable under section 63-3612(h), Idaho Code.

- 1. All persons engaged in constructing, altering, repairing, or improving real estate, are consumers of the material used by them; all sales to or use by such persons of tangible personal property are taxable whether or not such persons intend resale of the improved property.
- 2. For the purpose of this chapter, the sale or purchase of personal property incidental to the sale of real property or used mobile homes is deemed a sale of real property.

RETAILER: Means and includes:

- 1. Every seller who makes any retail sale or sales of tangible personal property and every person engaged in the business of making retail sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by the person or others.
- 2. Every person engaged in the business of making sales for storage, use, or other consumption or in the business of making sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by the person or others for storage, use, or other consumption.
- 3. Every person making more than two (2) retail sales of tangible personal property during any twelve (12) month period, including sales made in the capacity of assignee for the benefit of creditors, or receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, or every person making fewer sales who holds himself out as engaging in the business of selling such tangible personal property at retail or who sells a motor vehicle.
- 4. When the City Clerk determines that it is necessary for the efficient administration of this act to regard any salesmen, representatives, peddlers, or canvassers as agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of such dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers, the City Clerk may so regard them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers as retailers for the purpose of this act.
- 5. Persons conducting both contracting and retailing activities. Such persons must keep separate accounts for the retail portion of their business and pay tax in the usual fashion on this portion.

ROOM OCCUPANCY CHARGE: Means and includes the total amount charged for, or allocated to, the rental, use or temporary occupancy of a room, hotel, motel, condominium, campground, or other sleeping accommodation or living unit, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, without any deduction.

SALE: Means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or otherwise, of tangible personal property for a consideration and shall include any similar transfer of possession found by the City Clerk to be in lieu of, or equivalent to, a transfer of title, exchange, or barter. "Sale" shall also include the following transactions when a consideration is transferred, exchanged, or bartered:

- 1. Producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting of tangible personal property for consumers who furnish, either directly or indirectly, the tangible personal property used in the producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting.
- 2. Furnishing, preparing, or serving food, meals, or drinks and non-depreciable goods and services directly consumed by customers included in the charge thereof.
- 3. A transfer of possession of property where the seller retains the title as security for the payment of the sales price.
- 4. A transfer of the title or possession of tangible personal property which has been produced, fabricated, or printed to the special order of the customer, or of any publication.
- 5. Admission to a place or for an event in Idaho, provided that an organization conducting an exempt function as defined in section 527 or exempted by section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as incorporated in section 63-3004, Idaho Code, and collecting any charges for attendance at the aforementioned event, shall not have those admission charges be defined as a sale if the event:
 - a) Is not predominately recreational or commercial; and
 - b) Any included entertainment value is minimal when compared to the charge for attendance; and
 - c) Such entity has paid sales and use tax on taxable property or services used during the event.
- 6. The use of or the privilege of using tangible personal property or facilities for recreation.
- 7. Providing hotel, motel, and/or short-term rental accommodations, non-depreciable goods directly consumed by customers and included services, except where residence is maintained continuously under the terms of a lease or similar agreement for a period in excess of thirty days.
- 8. The lease or rental of tangible personal property.
- 9. The intrastate transportation for hire by air of freight or passengers, except (1) as part of a regularly scheduled flight by a certified air carrier, under authority of the United States, or (2) when providing air ambulance services.

SALES PRICE: Means the total amount for which tangible personal property, including services agreed to be rendered as a part of the sale, is sold, rented or leased, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, without any deduction on account of any of the following:

- 1. The cost of the property sold. However, in accordance with such rules as the City Clerk may prescribe, a deduction may be taken if the retailer has purchased property for some purpose other than resale or rental, has reimbursed his vendor for tax which the vendor is required to pay to the City or has paid the use tax with respect to the property, and has resold or rented the property prior to making any use of the property other than retention, demonstration or display while holding it for sale in the regular course of business. If such a deduction is taken by the retailer, no refund or credit will be allowed to his vendor with respect to the sale of the property.
- 2. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses, or any other expense.
- 3. The cost of transportation of the property prior to its sale.
- 4. The face value of manufacturer's discount coupons. A manufacturer's discount coupon is a price reduction coupon presented by a consumer to a retailer upon purchase of a manufacturer's product, the face value of which may only be reimbursed by the manufacturer to the retailer.

The sales price of a "new manufactured home" or a "modular building" as defined in this act shall be limited to and include only fifty-five percent (55%) of the sales price as otherwise defined herein.

Taxes previously paid on amounts represented by accounts found to be worthless may be credited upon a subsequent payment of the tax provided in this chapter or, if no such tax is due, refunded. If such accounts are thereafter collected, a tax shall be paid upon the amount so collected.

Tangible personal property when sold at retail for more than eleven cents (\$.11) but less than one dollar and one cent (\$1.01) through a vending machine shall be deemed to have sold at a sales price equal to one hundred seventeen percent (117%) of the price which is paid for such tangible personal property and/or its component parts including packaging by the owner or operator of the vending machines.

Sales price shall not include a gratuity or tip received when paid to the service provider of a meal. The gratuity or tip can be either voluntary or mandatory, but must be given for the service provided and as a supplement to the service provider's income.

The term "sales price" does not include any of the following:

- 1. Retailer discounts allowed and taken on sales, but only to the extent that such retailer discounts represent price adjustments as opposed to cash discounts offered only as an inducement for prompt payment.
- 2. Any sums allowed on merchandise accepted in payment of other merchandise, provided that this allowance shall not apply to the sale of a "new manufactured home" or a "modular building" as defined herein.

- 3. The amount charged for property returned by customers when the amount charged therefore is refunded either in cash or credit; but this exclusion shall not apply in any instance when the customer, in order to obtain the refund, is required to purchase other property at a price greater than the amount charged for the property that is returned.
- 4. The amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the property sold, provided that said amount is stated separately and such separate statement is not used as a means of avoiding imposition of this tax upon the actual sales price of the tangible personal property; except that charges by a manufactured homes dealer for set up of a manufactured home shall be included in the "sales price" of such manufactured home.
- 5. The amount of any tax (not including, however, any manufacturers' or importers' excise tax) imposed by the United States upon or with respect to retail sales whether imposed upon the retailer or the consumer.
- 6. The amount charged for finance charges, carrying charges, service charges, time-price differential, or interest on deferred payment sales, provided such charges are not used as a means of avoiding imposition of this tax upon the actual sales price of the tangible personal property.
- 7. Delivery and handling charges for transportation of tangible personal property to the consumer, provided that the transportation is stated separately and the separate statement is not used as a means of avoiding imposition of the tax upon the actual sales price of the tangible personal property; except that charges by a manufactured homes dealer for transportation of a manufactured home shall be included in the "sales price" of such manufactured home.
- 8. Manufacturers' rebates when used at the time of a retail sale as a down payment on or reduction to the retail sales price of a motor vehicle to which the rebate applies. A manufacturer's rebate is a cash payment made by a manufacturer to a consumer who has purchased or is purchasing the manufacturer's product from the retailer.
- 9. The amount of any fee imposed upon an outfitter as defined in section 36-2102, Idaho Code, by a governmental entity pursuant to statute for the purpose of conducting outfitting activities on land or water subject to the jurisdiction of the governmental entity, provided that the fee is stated separately and is presented as a use fee paid by the outfitted public to be passed through to the governmental entity.
- 10. The amount of any discount or other price reduction on telecommunications equipment when offered as an inducement to the consumer to commence or continue telecommunications service, or the amount of any commission or other indirect compensation received by a retailer or seller as a result of the consumer commencing or continuing telecommunications service.

Ord. XXXX Local Option Tax ______, 2025

SALES TAX ACT: Means the Idaho Sales Tax Act, Idaho Code 63-3601, et. seq., including subsequent amendments thereto, which is hereby adopted by reference. The definitions provided herein may be amended from time to time in accordance with corresponding amendments that may be made to the Sales Tax Act.

SELLER: Means every person making sales at retail or retail sales to a buyer or consumer, whether as agent, broker, or principal.

SHORT-TERM OCCUPANCY CHARGE: Means and includes the total sales price for the rental use or temporary occupancy of a short-term rental.

SHORT-TERM RENTAL: Means and includes the rental or leasing of lodging to members of the public for a fee of any hotel room, motel room, campground, RV Resort space, campground, condominium, home, room, or any other residential unit, except where a residence is maintained continuously under terms of a lease or similar agreement for a period in excess of thirty (30) days.

TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY: Means personal property which may be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or which is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. The term "tangible personal property" includes any computer software except the following: custom computer programs; computer software that is delivered electronically; remotely accessed computer software; and computer software that is delivered by the load and leave method where the vendor or its agent loads the software at the user's location but does not transfer any tangible personal property containing the software to the user. As used in this subsection, the term "remotely accessed computer software" means computer software that a user accesses over the internet, over private or public networks, or through wireless media, where the user has only the right to use or access the software by means of a license, lease, subscription, service or other agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing exclusions of certain types of computer software from the definition of tangible personal property, tangible personal property shall include computer software that constitutes digital music, digital books, digital videos and digital games when the purchaser has a permanent right to use such software and, regardless of the method of delivery or access. If the right to use digital music, digital books, digital videos or digital games is conditioned upon continued payment from the purchaser it is not a permanent right of use.

- 1. As used in this subsection, the term "computer software" means any computer program, part of a program or any sequence of instructions for automatic data processing equipment or information stored in an electronic medium. Computer software is deemed to be tangible personal property for purposes of this chapter regardless of the method by which the title, possession, or right to use the software is transferred to the user.
- 2. As used in this subsection, the term "custom computer program" means any computer software (as defined in this subsection) which is written or prepared exclusively for a customer and includes those services represented by separately stated charges for the modification of existing prewritten programs when the modifications are written or prepared exclusively for a customer. The term does not include a "canned" or prewritten program which is held or existing for general or repeated sale, lease or license, even if the program was initially developed on a custom basis or for in-house use. Modification

to an existing prewritten program to meet the customer's needs is custom computer programming only to the extent of the modification, and only to the extent that the actual amount charged for the modification is separately stated on invoices, statements, and other billing documents supplied to the purchaser.

The term "tangible personal property" does not include advertising space when sold to an advertiser or its agent by the publisher of the newspaper or the magazine in which the advertisement is displayed or circulated, or an online news media outlet.

TAX: Any non-property sales tax imposed by this chapter.

TAXPAYER: Any person subject to or liable for any taxes imposed by this Ordinance.

SECTION 3

IMPOSITION AND RATE OF CERTAIN NON-PROPERTY SALES TAXES

The City of McCall hereby imposes and shall collect certain local-option non-property sales taxes, as follows:

- (A) A municipal sales tax is hereby imposed upon each sale at retail within the City of McCall, Idaho, at the rate of one percent (1%) of the sales price of all property subject to taxation under Idaho Code 63-3601, et. seq., Idaho Sales Tax Act, including subsequent amendments thereto; excluding groceries as defined within this ordinance and sales of motor vehicles which are titled by the Idaho department of motor vehicles.
- (B) An additional four percent (4%) hotel-motel room occupancy sales tax on receipts from all short-term rental charges for hotel rooms, motel rooms, condominium units, tourist homes, campgrounds, vacation rental by owner, AirbnbTM, VrboTM, VacasaTM, and the like within the city. The Hotel/Motel, short-term rental occupancy tax shall apply to and be computed on the rental of all Hotel/Motel, short-term rental including all credit, installment, conditional or similar rental or lease fees at the time the Room Occupancy Charge is charged. The Hotel/Motel, short-term rental occupancy tax shall be collected by the owner of the Hotel/Motel, short-term rental or the authorized agent from the renter or lessee.
- (C) When the sale price involves a fraction of a dollar, said local-option non-property taxes shall be collected on that fractional portion of the price by adding thereto the tax based upon a bracket system. The bracket system for the collection of the one percent (1%) sales tax shall be as set forth in Exhibit A, attached hereto and made a part hereof by reference. The bracket system for the collection of the three percent (3%) non-property tax shall be as set forth in Exhibit B, attached hereto and made a part hereof by reference. The retailer shall calculate the tax upon the entire amount of purchases of the consumer made at a particular time subject to this Ordinance, and not separately upon each item purchased. The retailer may retain any amount collected under said bracket system which is in excess of the amount of tax for which they are liable to the City during the period as compensation for the work of collecting said tax.

- (D) All monies collected and/or retained under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be held in trust for the City of McCall and for payment thereof to the City Clerk in the manner and at the times provided in this Ordinance.
- (E) This Ordinance, in conjunction with Idaho law, provides that when there is a retail sales transaction within the City of McCall, a local-option sales tax is imposed. For a sale of goods, a sale is made in the City when title passes to the buyer in the City. When delivery of goods occurs in the City of McCall title passes at the time of delivery. If goods are shipped from outside the City of McCall into the City, the sale is subject to the local-option sales tax. Alternatively, when goods are delivered by a seller from within the City of McCall to a location outside the City, then no local sales tax is owed to the City.

SECTION 4

DURATION OF TAXES:

The non-property taxes authorized and collected under this Ordinance are hereby imposed for a duration of ten (10) years from the effective date of this Ordinance.

SECTION 5

PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE REVENUES DERIVED FROM SAID NON-PROPERTY TAXES SHALL BE USED:

The local-option non-property tax revenue derived from and collected under this Ordinance shall be used for direct costs to collect and enforce the tax and only for the following purposes:

(A) Street and Transportation Infrastructure

Development, maintenance, and enhancement of streets, sidewalks, pathways, bike lanes, and related multi-modal infrastructure in alignment with the City's approved plans, ensuring compliance with ADA standards and community safety needs.

(B) Stormwater and snow storage management

Development, maintenance, and enhancement of transportation related stormwater and snow storage systems to ensure compliance with the City's drainage management guidelines and prevent runoff pollution into the community's water resources, especially to protect Payette Lake.

(C) Other Right-of-Way Improvements

Development, maintenance, and enhancement of public parking, transit facilities, traffic control devices, and streetscape improvements including lighting, landscaping, and irrigation.

(D) Matching Funds to Leverage Funds from non-City Sources

Providing matching funds for grant opportunities, revenue bonds, local, state or federal

joint projects, or public-private partnerships, to support transportation infrastructure, and right-of-way projects.

(E) 5-year Streets Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) and Maintenance Improvement Plan (MIP) Projects

Development and implementation of the Streets Department's projected CIP and MIP projects as approved by City Council via annual budget process.

SECTION 6

ESTABLISHMENT OF GENERAL AND ENTERPRISE FUND CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE BUDGETS:

In addition to the revenue collected from the taxes imposed by this ordinance, the City Council will establish in each fiscal year's budget a specific line item, apart and separate from the revenue generated by this ordinance, for the replacement, repair, and maintenance (where maintenance will extend the life of existing capital infrastructure) of capital infrastructure funded by this tax. The intent of this provision is to also use some of the City's existing revenue sources for repair, replacement, and maintenance of the capital infrastructure.

SECTION 7

AUTHORIZATION FOR CITY CLERK TO ADMINISTER, REGULATE, AND COLLECT SAID NON-PROPERTY TAXES:

The City Clerk of the City of McCall is hereby authorized and empowered to administer, regulate, and collect payment of all non-property taxes adopted and imposed by this Ordinance. Said Clerk shall have all of the powers set forth in this Ordinance together with those additional powers necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 8

CREATION OF A PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FUND:

Pursuant to Idaho Code § 50-1045, there is hereby created in the office of the City Clerk a fund to be designated as the "Municipal Property Tax Relief Fund." Any revenues collected under this Ordinance in excess of the amount budgeted by the City Council for the use of said revenues, shall be placed by the City Clerk into the Municipal Property Tax Relief Fund. Such excess revenues shall be used to replace City property taxes in the ensuing fiscal year by the amount of all excess revenues placed in said Municipal Property Tax Relief Fund.

SECTION 9

PERMITS REQUIRED AND ISSUANCE OF PERMITS:

(A) Every person desiring to engage in or conduct business of retail sales, and/or a Hotel-Motel or short term Rental, within this City shall file with the City Clerk an application for a City of

McCall local-option non-property tax permit for each place of business. A separate permit is required for each place of business within the City. Every application for said permit shall be made upon a form prescribed by the City Clerk and shall set forth the name under which the applicant transacts or intends to transact business, the location of the business or places of businesses, and such other information as the City may require. The application shall be signed by the owner, if they are a natural person; or in the case of an association or partnership, by a member or partner, in the case of a corporation, by an executive officer or other person authorized by the corporation to sign the application.

- (B) Upon filing an application meeting the requirements set out above, the City Clerk shall issue to each applicant a permit for each place of business. A permit shall not be assignable, and shall be valid only for the person in whose name it is issued and for the transaction of business at the place designated therein. It shall at all times be conspicuously displayed at the location for which it was issued. Issuance of a permit may be subject to additional requirements as set forth in this Ordinance.
- (C) On the face of the permit shall be fixed a municipal non-property tax number which shall be used by the applicant as an identifying number on all filing, payment, and correspondence with regard to the non-property tax imposed under this Ordinance.

SECTION 10

METHOD FOR PAYMENT OF TAXES:

- (A) The taxes imposed by this Ordinance shall be computed and paid for each calendar month. Said taxes are due and payable to the City Clerk on or before the 20th day of the succeeding month. The amount of tax paid shall be computed on all sales subject to taxation under this Ordinance. Each person required to hold a City of McCall local-option non-property tax permit and number shall file a City of McCall local-option non-property tax return and a copy of their Idaho State Sales Tax Return for the month at the same time said taxes are paid to the City Clerk, unless said person has been permitted in writing by the Idaho State Tax Commission to file quarterly sales or use tax returns. Persons who have been permitted to file other than monthly returns shall notify the City Clerk in writing and the City Clerk thereupon may require reporting of State Tax Returns over some other period, but shall require payment of taxes on a monthly basis.
- (B) The first payment of taxes under this Ordinance shall be due and payable together on the 20th day of February, 2026, for that period beginning January 1, 2026, and ending January 31, 2026. Thereafter all payments shall be made monthly.
- (C) A City of McCall local-option non-property tax return shall be filed each and every month by every person engaging in sales subject to taxation under this Ordinance regardless of whether or not any tax is due. Returns shall be signed by the person required to file the return or by a duly authorized agent.
- (D) A valid sales tax exemption certificate issued by the Idaho State Tax Commission upon filing a copy thereof with the City Clerk shall have the same effect to exempt the sale from the taxes imposed hereunder as in the Idaho Sales Tax Act.

SECTION 11

AUDITS; DEFICIENCY DETERMINATIONS:

- (A) The City Clerk may order an audit of any taxpayer under this Ordinance for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness or completeness of any return or payment.
- (B) If any error or omission is discovered in such audits or in any other way, the City Clerk may compute and determine the amount of tax due upon the basis of facts obtained from such information within its possession and assert a deficiency. One or more deficiency determinations may be made for the amount due for one or for more than one period. In making such a determination, the City Clerk may offset over payments against amounts due. Further, said determinations shall be made for the period or periods in respect to which the person fails to make a return and shall be based upon any information which is in the City Clerk's possession.
- (C) The City Clerk shall give written notice of its determination and the amount of its deficiency, including interest, at the rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum from the date due, to the person from whom such deficiency amount is due. Such notice may be given personally or mailed to the person at the address furnished to the City Clerk in the non-property tax permit application.

SECTION 12

RE-DETERMINATION OF DEFICIENCY:

- (A) Any person against whom a deficiency determination is made under this Ordinance, or any person directly interested, may petition in writing for a re-determination within thirty (30) days after service upon the person of notice thereof. If the petition for re-determination is not filed within the thirty (30) day period, the determination becomes final at the expiration of the period.
- (B) If a petition for re-determination is filed with the thirty (30) day period the City Clerk shall reconsider the determination and, if the person so requests in the petition, grant the person an oral hearing and give said person ten (10) days notice of the time and place of the hearing personally or by mail addressed to the person at the address furnished to the City Clerk in said person's application for a non-property tax permit.

SECTION 13

APPEALS, INTEREST ON DEFICIENCY:

(A) When a re-determination is made, the City Clerk shall give notice to the taxpayer against whom the re-determination is made. Within thirty (30) days of the date upon which such notice of re-determination is mailed or served, the taxpayer may file an appeal with the City Council or may file a complaint with the District Court for review of the City Clerk's re-determination. There shall be no right of review to the City Council nor to the District Court on the determination of taxes due made by the City Clerk unless a re-determination has been timely filed. No assessment of a deficiency in respect to the tax imposed by this Ordinance or proceeding to collect for its collection

shall be made, begun or prosecuted until such notice has been mailed to the taxpayer and expiration of such thirty (30) day period after notice of re-determination, nor if a protest is filed until a decision on the protest becomes final. If the taxpayer does not protest to the City Council or file an action in District Court within the time prescribed in this section, the deficiency shall be assessed and shall become due and payable upon notice and demand from the City Clerk.

(B) Interest upon any deficiency shall be assessed at the same time as the deficiency and shall become due and payable upon notice and demand from the City Clerk and shall be collected as part of the tax at the rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum from the date prescribed for payment of the tax.

SECTION 14

COLLECTIONS AND ENFORCEMENT:

As soon as practical after monthly City of McCall local-option non-property tax return and payment is filed, the City Clerk shall examine the same and determine the correct amount of the tax. For the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of any payment determining the amount of tax due where none has been made, determining liability of any person for any tax payable under this Ordinance, or the liability at law or in equity of any person in respect to any tax provided by this Ordinance or collecting any such liability, the City Clerk, or duly authorized deputy, is authorized (1) to examine the books, papers, records, or other data which may be relevant or material to the inquiry; (2) to summon the person liable for the tax or any officer, agent or employee of such person, or any person having possession, custody or care of books of accounting containing entries relating to the business of the person liable for the tax, to appear before the City Clerk, or deputy, at a time and place named in its summons to produce such books, papers, records or other data and/or give such testimony under oath as may be relevant or material to such inquiry.

SECTION 15

REFUNDS, LIMITATIONS, AND INTEREST:

- (A) If the City Clerk determines that any amount due under this Ordinance has been paid more than once or has been erroneously or illegally collected or computed, the City Clerk shall set forth that fact in its records and the excess amount paid or collected may be credited on any amount due or payable to the City Clerk for non-property taxes from that person, and any balance refunded to the person by whom it was paid or to his successors, administrators or executors.
- (B) No such credit or refund shall be allowed or made after one (1) year from the time the payment was made unless before the expiration of such period a claim therefore is filed by the taxpayer.
- (C) Interest shall be allowed on the amount of such credits or refunds at the rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum from the date which such tax was paid.

(D) Appeal from the City Clerk's decision denying in part or in whole a claim for refund shall be made in accordance with the laws of the State of Idaho with regard to claims against municipalities.

SECTION 16

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PAYMENT OF TAXES:

Every person with a duty to account for or pay over any tax imposed by this Ordinance on behalf of a corporation, as an officer employee of the corporation, or on behalf of a partnership, as a member employee of the partnership, or on behalf of a limited liability company, as a member or manager of the limited liability company, shall be personally liable for payment of such tax, plus penalties and interest.

SECTION 17

PERIOD OF LIMITATION UPON ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION:

- (A) The amount of taxes imposed under this Ordinance shall be assessed within three (3) years of the time the return upon which the tax asserted to be due was or should have been filed, whichever is later; provided, however, if a deficiency determination or assessment has been made within the prescribed time, such tax may be collected within a period of six (6) years after assessment. The running of limitations provided by this section shall be suspended for the period during which the City Clerk is prohibited from making the assessment or from collecting or proceeding in Court due to a petition for re-determination or an appeal therefrom, and for thirty (30) days hereafter.
- (B) In the case of taxes due during the lifetime of a decedent, the tax shall be assessed, and any proceeding in court without assessment for the collection of such tax shall be begun, within six (6) months after written request therefore (filed after the return is made) by the executor, administrator, or other fiduciary representing the estate of such decedent unless the assessment is stayed by a petition for re-determination or any appeal therefrom.
- (C) In the case of a false or fraudulent return with intent to evade tax, or of a failure to file a return, the tax may be assessed, or a proceeding in Court for collection of such tax may be begun without assessment, at any time within three (3) years after the date of the discovery of the facts constituting the fraud.

SECTION 18

SUCCESSORS' LIABILITY:

(A) If a vendor liable for any amount of tax under this Ordinance sells out his business or stocks and goods, the vendee shall make an inquiry to the City Clerk and withhold from the purchase price any amount of tax that may be due under this Ordinance until such time as the vendor produces a receipt stating that no amount is due.

(B) If the purchaser of business or stock of goods fails to withhold from the purchase price as above required, they are personally liable for the payment of the amount required to be withheld by them.

SECTION 19

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION BY CITY CLERK:

- (A) The City Clerk shall enforce the provisions of this Ordinance and may prescribe, adopt and enforce rules and regulations relating to its administration and enforcement. The City Clerk may employ qualified auditors for examination of taxpayers' books and records, and shall also employ such accountants, investigators, assistants, clerks, and other personnel as are necessary for the efficient administration of this Ordinance, and may delegate authority to its representatives to conduct hearings, or perform other duties imposed by this Ordinance.
- (B) Taxpayers in the City of McCall shall keep such records, receipts, invoices, and other pertinent papers as the City Clerk may require. Each such taxpayer who files tax payments required under this Ordinance shall keep all such records for not less than four (4) years after making such payments unless the City Clerk in writing authorizes their destruction.
- (C) The City Clerk, or any person authorized in writing by the Clerk, may examine the books, papers, records, and equipment of any taxpayer or any person liable for any tax, and may investigate the character of the business of the person in order to verify the accuracy of any return made, or if no return is made by the person, to ascertain and determine the amount required to be paid. Any taxpayer whose pertinent records are kept outside of the City must bring the records to the City for examination by the City Clerk upon request of the latter, or by agreement with the City Clerk permit an auditor designated by the City Clerk to visit the place where the records are kept, and there audit such records.

SECTION 20

PENALTIES:

- (A) Any person who violates any provision of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by up to one (1) year in the county jail, and/or Three Hundred Dollar (\$300.00) fine, or both. Furthermore, each month in which a person fails to report, or intentionally fails to accurately compute, or intentionally fails to accurately disclose the total amount of sales or rentals or the amount of tax to be paid, as imposed under this Ordinance, shall be considered a separate offense.
- (B) Any person who violates any provision of this Ordinance shall have his City of McCall local-option non-property tax permit and tax number revoked. The City Clerk shall send written notice of revocation of said permit and tax number to the permit holder by mailing the same by certified mail to the address given on the permit application. The permit holder shall have ten (10) days from the date said notice is mailed to file a written request of appeal with the City Council, challenging said revocation. If no appeal is timely made said revocation becomes final. Whenever a person subject to this Ordinance has had said permit and tax number revoked, the City Clerk

shall not reissue said permit nor issue a new permit to said person until said person places with the City Clerk a bond or other sufficient security in the amount equal to three (3) times the actual, determined, or estimated average monthly amount of tax payable by such person pursuant to this Ordinance.

- (C) The City Clerk, whenever it is deemed necessary to insure compliance with this Ordinance, may require any person subject to this Ordinance to place with it such security as it may determine. The amount of said security shall not be greater than three (3) times the estimated average monthly amount payable by such persons pursuant to this Ordinance. The amount of the security may be increased or decreased by the City Clerk at any time, subject to the limitations set forth above.
- (D) Any person who violates any provision of this Ordinance shall have all City of McCall local-option non-property tax permits revoked, and in the case of a short term rental operator, the short term rental permit may also be revoked.
- (E) Any amount of tax due under this Ordinance for which a person fails to report or accurately compute, shall became a lien upon the property of said taxpayer on the date that the same becomes due, and the City may seek to enforce said lien and collect all taxes and interest due, together with the reasonable costs of collection, including attorney's fees, in a Court of competent jurisdiction.
- (F) For the purposes of proper administration of this Ordinance, and to prevent evasion of said local-option non-property taxes, the burden of proving that a sale or rental is not a sale under this Ordinance is upon the person who makes the sale or rental in question.

SECTION 21

PENALTY CHARGES:

- (A) Any person who is required to collect and pay over any tax imposed by this Ordinance and fails or refuses to pay over to the City the same when due in accordance with Section 9, hereinabove, shall be liable and pay a penalty change equal to five percent (5%) of the tax not paid, or a minimum of \$10 (whichever is greater). The City Clerk shall assess and collect said fee at the time any delinquent tax payment is tendered. The permit holder shall have ten (10) days from the date payment is made to file a written appeal with the City Council challenging said penalty determination. If no appeal is timely made as herein provided, said penalty determination shall be final.
- (B) Any person who is required to collect, truthfully account for, and pay over any tax imposed by this Ordinance and who willfully fails to collect such a tax or truthfully account for or pay over such a tax, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat such a tax or payment thereof, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be liable to a penalty equal to the amount of the tax evaded, or not collected, or not accounted for or paid over. The City Clerk shall determine and assess such penalties, and the same shall become due and payable upon notice and demand from the City Clerk. The City Clerk shall send written notice of such penalty charge to the permit holder by mailing the same by certified mail to the address given on the permit application. The permit holder shall have ten (10) days from the date said notice is mailed to file a written request

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of appeal with the City Council challenging said penalty charge determination. If no appeal is timely made as herein provided, said penalty charge determination shall be final.

SECTION 22

EXEMPTIONS:

Only those transactions which are exempted from the taxes imposed by the State of Idaho pursuant to the Sales Tax Act, as that Act may be amended, are also exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 23

CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION:

- (A) No City Clerk of the City of McCall, Valley County, Idaho, nor any duly authorized Deputy City Clerk, agent or employee shall divulge or make known to any persons, in any manner, any information whatsoever submitted or obtained, directly or indirectly, pursuant to this Ordinance, or to permit any non-property tax return or information supplied with regard thereto, or any copy thereof, or any paper or book so obtained, to be seen or examined by any person except as provided by law; provided that in any action or proceeding brought for the collection, remission, cancellation, or refund of the whole or any part of a tax imposed under this Ordinance, or for enforcing the penalties prescribed for making false or fraudulent returns, any and all information contained in or provided with said returns may be made accessible to the elected and appointed officials, officers, and representatives of said City charged with enforcing or defending the same, all such returns, information, statements and correspondence relating thereto may be produced into evidence in any action, civil or criminal, directly pertaining to such returns or the tax imposed on the basis of such returns.
- (B) The McCall City Council, under such rules and provisions as it may prescribe, may permit, notwithstanding the provisions of this Ordinance as to secrecy, the Commission of Internal Revenue of the United States or his delegate or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax to inspect the non-property tax returns or information provided or obtained in connection therewith, or may furnish to such officer, or his authorized agent, copies or an abstract thereof.
- (C) Nothing in the Ordinance shall prohibit a taxpayer, or authorized representative upon proper identification, from inspecting and copying his own non-property tax returns and information supplied therewith.

SECTION 24

SEVERABILITY:

It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that the provisions, and parts thereof, of this Ordinance shall be severable. Should any section, subsection, paragraph, clause or phrase of this Ordinance, or any particular application thereof, be declared invalid or unconstitutional for any

reason by a Court of competent jurisdiction, such dec of said section, subsection, paragraph, clause, or phras	0 1
SECTION 25	
EFFECTIVE DATE:	
This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect on Jan and Mayor, voter approval, and publication according	
PASSED AND APPROVED BY THE MAYOR ANI IDAHO, THIS DAY OF, 202	•
ATTEST:	Lobert S. Giles, Mayor
BessieJo Wagner, City Clerk ja\W:\Work\M\McCall, City of 21684\Ordinances, Resolutions, & Summaries Ordinance 2025 1% Local Option Tax Initiative.docx	\2025 Ordinances, Resolutions, Summaries\2025.01.16 DRAFT

2025 Idaho Election Calendar

This edition of the 2025 Idaho Election Calendar is subject to amendatory changes during the 2025 session of the Idaho Legislature. If changes occur, an updated version will be published.

- Election Register Examination: Deadline for county clerks to examine the election register, from the Jan. 3 Nov. 5 election, and note challenges. [§34-432(1), *Idaho Code*] Jan. 17 **Early Voting Security Plan:** Deadline for county clerks to submit their ballot security plan to the secretary of state. (*NOTE: The Early Voting Security Plan must be submitted at least 30 days prior to implementing an early voting plan.) [§34-1013, Idaho Code] Mar. 5 Voter Registration Cancellation: Last day for county clerk to cancel registration of those electors who have not voted in any election in the last four years. [§34-435, Idaho Code] Mar. 7 – Mar. 14 Publish Notification of Candidate Filing Deadline: County clerk must publish a notification of the candidate filing deadline for all taxing districts for which officers will be elected in the May 20 election — during this period. The notice should appear in the official newspaper of the political subdivision. [§34-1405 Idaho Codel Mar. 21 Nonpartisan Candidate Filing Deadline: Petitions must be filed by 5 p.m. — with the clerk of the political subdivision — to nominate political subdivision candidates — for the May 20 election. [§34-1404, Idaho Code1 Mar. 28 Nonpartisan Nominee Certification: Deadline for the clerk of the political subdivision to certify nominees — to be placed on the ballot — for the May 20 election. [§34-1404, *Idaho Code*] Mar. 28 Nonpartisan Write-In Candidates: Deadline for write-in candidates to file a declaration of intent with the clerk of the political subdivision for the May 20 election. [§34-1407, *Idaho Code*] Mar. 31 Ballot Question Submission Deadline: Political subdivisions must submit ballot language (to the county clerk) for any bond, levy, initiative, referendum, or other question — to be placed on the ballot — for the May 20 election [§34-106(8), *Idaho Code*] Candidate Withdrawal Deadline: Last day nonpartisan candidates can withdraw from the May 20 Apr. 4 election. [§34-1405A. Idaho Code] Recall Notification Deadline: Political subdivisions must notify the county clerk if a recall election is Apr. 4 ordered — for the May 20 election. [§34-106(9), *Idaho Code*] Absentee Ballot Delivery Witnesses: Deadline for political parties to supply names of witnesses (if Apr. 4 desired) to accompany the clerk in the personal delivery of an absentee ballot for the May 20 election. [§34-1003(5), *Idaho Code*] Apr. 4* **Early Voting Security Plan:** Deadline for county clerks to submit their ballot security plan to the secretary of state. (*NOTE: The Early Voting Security Plan must be submitted at least 30 days prior to implementing an early voting plan. If a plan was submitted and approved earlier in the year, and has not changed, it need not be resubmitted.) [§34-1013, *Idaho Code*] Apr. 4 **Investigation of Candidate Qualifications**: Deadline to file complaint [§34-219, *Idaho Code*] Apr. 10 Voting Procedure Modifications: Deadline for county clerks to submit their plans to the secretary of
- Apr. 10 **Voting Procedure Modifications**: Deadline for county clerks to submit their plans to the secretary of state; if they want to modify voting procedures (for a political subdivision) for the May 20 election. [§34-1413, *Idaho Code*]
- Apr. 10 **Mail Absentee Ballots**: County clerks must begin mailing absentee ballots to voters who have requested absentee ballots for the May 20 election. [§34-1003(3), *Idaho Code* and Secretary of State Directive 2015-1]
- Apr. 18 **Designate Polling Places**: Deadline for county commissioners to designate polling places for the May 20 election. [§34-302, *Idaho Code*]
- Apr. 25 **Preregistration Deadline**: Voter registrations must be received by the county clerk for the May 20 election. (Deadline is postmarked by this date for mailed paper applications, 5 p.m. for paper applications handed in to the county clerk's office, or until midnight for online applications.) [§34-408] and §34-410, *Idaho Code*]

2025 ELECTION CONSOLIDATION CALENDAR

Apr. 25	Mail Ballot Precincts : County clerks may begin mailing ballots to voters located in designated mail ballot precincts — for the May 20 election. [§34-308, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 5	Early Voting Must Begin : For the May 20 election in those counties that choose to conduct early voting. [§34-1012, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 6	Mail Ballot Precincts : Deadline for county clerks to complete mailing ballots to voters in designated mail ballot precincts — for the May 20 election. [§34-308, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 8	Publish First Election Notification : Deadline for county clerk to publish the first notice of election — in the county's official newspaper(s) — for the May 20 election. (If possible, the notice should appear in at least two newspapers published in the county. If not possible, it should be published in one newspaper published or circulated in the county.) [§34-602 and §34-1406, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 8	Poll Watchers : Deadline for candidates and pro and con representatives to submit a written request (to the county clerk) for the purpose of authorizing watchers to observe at polling places — for the May 20 election. [§34-304, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 9	Absentee Ballot Application Deadline : Applications must be received by the county clerk by 5 p.m. — for the May 20 election. [§34-1002(7), <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 15	Publish Second Election Notification : Deadline for county clerk to publish the second notice of election — along with a facsimile sample ballot — for the May 19 election. (If possible, the notice should appear in at least two newspapers published in the county. If not possible, it should be published in one newspaper published or circulated in the county.) [§34-602] and §34-1406, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 15	Emergency Absentee Ballots : County clerks may receive emergency absentee ballot applications from this date through 5 p.m. on May 19 from those who cannot be present for voting due to hospitalization if hospitalization began after 5 p.m. on May 9. [§34-1002A, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 16	In-Person Absentee/Early Voting Ends : At 5 p.m. — for the May 20 election. [§34-1002(7) and §34-1012, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 20	Absentee Ballot Return Deadline : Voted absentee ballots must be received — by the county clerk — by 8 p.m. for the May 20 election. [§34-1005, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 20	Election Day : Polling places — and the county clerk's office — to be open 8 a.m.–8 p.m. Qualified individuals may register and vote at their designated polling place on election day. [§34-211, §34-408A, and §34-1101, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 21	Voter Registration Reopens. [§34-408, Idaho Code]
May 30	County Canvass : Deadline for the board of county commissioners to meet and conduct the canvass — of the May 20 election. [§34-1410, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
May 30*	Election Certification : Deadline for county clerks to certify the results — of the May 20 election — to the clerk of the political subdivision(s). (*This date may vary; to be done immediately after the county canvass.) [§34-1410, <i>Idaho Code</i> .]
May 30*	Election Certificates : Deadline for the clerk of the political subdivision to issue certificates of election. (*This date may vary; to be done immediately after the canvass, the deadline for which is May 30.) [§34-1410, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
June 19*	Recount Applications : Deadline — for candidates and supporters/opponents of a ballot measure, excluding county ballot measures — to apply to the county clerk for a recount of the May 20 election. Applications for a recount of county ballot measures must be filed with the Attorney General. (*This date may vary; it must be done within 20 days of the county canvass). [§34-2301, Idaho Code]
June 19*	Election Disputes : Deadline for electors to contest the results of the May 20 election. (*This date may vary; complaints must be filed in the proper court within 20 days of the county canvass.) [§34-2008, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
July 18	Election Register Examination: Deadline for county clerks to examine the election register, from the

May 20 election, and note challenges. [§34-432(1), Idaho Code]

2025 ELECTION CONSOLIDATION CALENDAR

Aug. 22 – Aug. 2	Publish Notification of Candidate Filing Deadline: County clerk (and city clerk, for municipal offices) must publish a notification of the candidate filing deadline for all taxing districts for which officers will be elected in the Nov. 4 election — during this period. The notice should appear in the official newspaper of the political subdivision. [§34-1405] and §50-411, Idaho Code]
Aug. 25	City Candidate Filing Opens: Candidates for city elective offices may file nomination petitions with the city clerk beginning at 8 a.m. [§50-410, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sep. 5	Nonpartisan Candidate Filing Deadline : Petitions must be filed by 5 p.m. — with the clerk of the political subdivision — to nominate political subdivision candidates — for the Nov. 4 election. [$\S 34-1404$ and $\S 50-410$, $Idaho\ Code$]
Sep. 5	City Nonpartisan Write-In Candidates : Deadline for write-in candidates for city offices to file a declaration of intent with clerk of the political subdivision for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-702A, Idaho Code]
Sep. 12	Nonpartisan Nominee Certification: Deadline for the clerk of the political subdivision to certify nominees — to be placed on the ballot — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1404, Idaho Code]
Sep. 12	Political Subdivision Nonpartisan Write-In Candidates : Deadline for write-in candidates to file a declaration of intent with clerk of the political subdivision for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1407, Idaho Code]
Sep. 15	Ballot Question Submission Deadline : Political subdivisions must submit ballot language (to the county clerk) for any bond, levy, initiative, referendum, or other question — to be placed on the ballot — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-106, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sep. 19	Nonpartisan Candidate Withdrawal Deadline : Last day nonpartisan candidates can withdraw from the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1405A, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sep. 19	Recall Notification Deadline : Political subdivisions must notify the county clerk if a recall election is ordered — for the Nov. 4 election. [$\S 34-106(9)$, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sep. 19	Absentee Ballot Delivery Witnesses: Deadline for political parties to supply names of witnesses (if desired) to accompany the clerk in the personal delivery of an absentee ballot for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1003(5), <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sep. 19*	Early Voting Security Plan : Deadline for county clerks to submit their ballot security plan to the secretary of state. (*NOTE: The Early Voting Security Plan must be submitted at least 30 days prior to implementing and early voting plan. If a plan was submitted and approved earlier in the year, and has not changed, it need not be resubmitted.) [§34-1013, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sep. 19	Investigation of Candidate Qualifications: Deadline to file complaint [§34-219, Idaho Code]
Sep. 25	Voting Procedure Modifications : Deadline for county clerks to submit their plans to the secretary of state; if they want to modify voting procedures (for a political subdivision) — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1413, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Sept. 25	Mail Absentee Ballots: County clerks must mail absentee ballots — to voters who have requested absentee ballots — for the Nov. 4 election. [Secretary of State Directive 2015-1]
Oct. 3	Designate Polling Places : Deadline for county commissioners to designate polling places — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-302, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Oct. 10	Preregistration Deadline : Voter registrations must be received by the county clerk — for the Nov. 4 election. (Deadline is postmarked by this date for mailed paper applications, 5 p.m. for paper applications handed in to the county clerk's office, or until midnight for online applications.) [§34-408] and §34-410, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Oct. 10	Mail Ballot Precincts : County clerks may begin mailing ballots to voters located in designated mail ballot precincts — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-308, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Oct. 20	Early Voting Must Begin : For the Nov. 4 election in those counties that choose to conduct early voting. [§34-1012, <i>Idaho Code</i>]
Oct. 21	Mail Ballot Precincts: Deadline for county clerks to complete mailing ballots to voters in designated mail

ballot precincts — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-308, *Idaho Code*]

2025 ELECTION CONSOLIDATION CALENDAR

Poll Watchers: Deadline for candidates or pro and con representatives to submit a written request (to Oct. 23 the county clerk) for the purpose of authorizing watchers to observe at polling places — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-304, Idaho Code] Oct. 23 **Publish First Election Notification:** Deadline for county clerk to publish the first notice of election — in the county's official newspaper(s) — for the Nov. 4 election. (If possible, the notice should appear in at least two newspapers published in the county. If not possible, it should be published in one newspaper published or circulated in the county.) [§34-602 and §34-1406, *Idaho Code*] Absentee Ballot Application Deadline: Applications must be received by the county clerk by 5 p.m. — for Oct. 24 the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1002(7), Idaho Code] Oct. 30 **Publish Second Election Notification:** Deadline for county clerk to publish the second notice of election along with a facsimile sample ballot — for the Nov. 4 election. (If possible, the notice should appear in at least two newspapers published in the county. If not possible, it should be published in one newspaper published or circulated in the county.) [§34-602 and §34-1406, Idaho Code] Emergency Absentee Ballots: County clerks may receive emergency absentee ballot applications through Oct. 30 5 p.m. on November 3 from those who cannot be present for voting due to hospitalization if hospitalization began after 5 p.m. on October 24. [§34-1002A, *Idaho Code*] In-Person Absentee/Early Voting Ends: At 5 p.m. — for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1002(7) and §34-Oct. 31 1012, Idaho Codel **Absentee Ballot Return Deadline:** Voted absentee ballots must be received — by the county clerk — by 8 Nov. 4 p.m. for the Nov. 4 election. [§34-1005, *Idaho Code*] Election Day: Polling places — and the county clerk's office — to be open 8 a.m.-8 p.m. Qualified Nov. 4 individuals may register and vote at their designated polling place on election day. [§34-211, §34-408A, and §34-1101, Idaho Codel Voter Registration Reopens [§34-408, Idaho Code] Nov. 5 Nov. 14 County Canvass: Deadline for the board of county commissioners to meet and conduct the canvass — of the Nov. 4 election. (This deadline also applies to the canvass for political subdivisions.) [§34-1205 and §34-1410, *Idaho Code*] County Election Certification: Deadline for county clerks to certify the results of the Nov. 4 election to Nov. 14* the clerk of the political subdivision(s). (*This date may vary; to be done immediately after the county canvass.) [§34-1410, Idaho Code] Nov. 14* **Election Certificates**: Deadline for the clerk of the political subdivision to issue certificates of election. (*This date may vary; to be done immediately after the county canvass.) [§34-1410, *Idaho Code*] Dec 4* **Recount Applications:** Deadline — for candidates and supporters/opponents of a ballot measure, excluding city candidates and city or county ballot measures — to apply to the county clerk for a recount of the Nov. 4 election. Applications for a recount of city elections or county ballot measures must be filed with the Attorney General. (*This date may vary; it must be done within 20 days of the county canvass). [§34-2301, *Idaho Code*] **Election Disputes**: Deadline for electors to contest the results of the Nov. 4 election. (*This date may vary; Dec. 4* complaints must be filed in the proper court within 20 days of the county canvass. [§34-2008, *Idaho Code*] City Runoff Elections: If authorized by city ordinance, last day for a runoff city election between the two Dec. 4 candidates receiving the highest number of votes cast if no candidate received a majority of the votes cast. [§50-612 and §50-707B, Idaho Code] Dec. 31 2026 Election Calendar Publication Deadline: County clerks to publish the 2026 election calendar. [§34-1405(2), Idaho Code] Election Register Examination: Deadline for county clerks to examine the election register, from the Jan. 2, 2026 Nov. 4 election, and note challenges. [§34-432(1), *Idaho Code*]